claims as her share a large part of

#### The Future of Albania.

According to reports current in Berlin the intention of the allies is to divide Albania between Servia and Greece, but an agreement already exists between Austria and Italy, which would be supported by Germany, guaranteeing the integrity and independence of Albania. The Triple Alliance is determined to prevent Servia at all costs from reaching the Adriatic. It is even asserted that the Triple Alliance has agreed to make Albania independent, with the Duke of the Abruzzi as King.

Another important meeting occurred at Bucharest yesterday between the Rumanian Premier and the Russian and Austrian Ministers. It is reported that the Powers will communicate to the Balkan States to-day Turkey's request for mediation.

The Turkish fortress of Scutari, neat the Montenegrin frontier, is still making a stubborn resistance. The defenders of Scutari have repeatedly and successfully assumed the offensive and have managed to keep the line open by which they can supply Tarabosh, the other Turkish fortress on Lake Scutari, with provisions and ammunition.

The antagonism of the Malissor tribesmen to the Montenegrins is said to have checked the army of Crown Prince Danilo of Montenegro, which killed or wounded. The Turkish cashas made several attacks on Tarabosh. ualties exceeded 40,000.

A dispatch from Valparaiso says that the Turkish government has made a proposal to Chill to purchase the battleship and torpedo boat destroyers now being built in England for that The Chilian government, it is reported, will decline to sell the

#### FIGHTING AT TCHATALDJA Turkish Troops Under Nazim Show Great Tenacity.

Tchataldja lines, the correspondent of lery the "Reichspost" at the front says:

"The Turks had taken up a strong tifications. The series of fights for these positions lasted all through Sunday, Monday and Tuesday.

The Turks fought under the supreme command of Nazim Pacha with far greater tenacity than had been expected of them after their precipitate retreat in the last battle. When the pressure of the flanking movement by a column of the first Bulgarian army coming from the south began to make itself felt the Turks made a desperate forward movement with a strong force from Kavakli and Bunar against Uzun Haji in order to break through the Bulgarian centre. This attack, howcompletely collapsed under the fire of the Bulgarian infantry and ar-

"Simultaneously the third Bulgarian army advanced from Baume, west of Istrandia, for a decisive attack against the Turks' right centre, which was lined up to the north of Yenekeui, and threw it back on Tcherkesskeui.

"This movement converted the failure of the Turkish attack on Uzun Haji into complete disaster. The divisions pushed forward in this quarter were almost annihilated, and it is to this disastrous episode that a cor siderable part of the awful losses the Turks suffered may be attributed.

"The direct consequences of the overthrow of the Turkish right centre was the immediate retirement of the whole with the government. southern Turkish battle front, which had been intrenched in a strong posi-

"This retreat was begun in the forenoon of November 5. The army proceeded generally along the railway line in the direction of Sinekli, while the extreme left wing retired by way of Kanta. Relentlessly the Bulgarian army, especially the southern flanking column, pressed after the enemy, soon transformed the retirement of the Turks from an orderly movement into a disordered flight.

"Nazim Pacha's attempt to arrest the Bulgarian pursuit by taking a rear guard position at Siemenli ended on the evening of the 5th in a complete rout. The last Turkish reserves, who had been moved up to this point, were unable to stand their ground, and the Turks fled in masses toward Tchataldja, pursued with the greatest insistence by the Bulgarians."

The second great result of the decisive attack of the third army upon Yenekeui was that the Turkish right wing was completely severed from the main force. It was driven from the heights east of Istrandia into the forest region by Lake Derkos and cut off from the centre, which had likewise been beaten by the Bulgarian columns Athens Dispatch Discredits advancing south of the Istrandia val-

While vigorously continuing the pursuit, the third army is now massed for a direct attack upon the northern wing of the Tchataldja positions. One column was sent through to Ormanli against Derkos.

# BULGARS LIST SUCCESSES

## Drama, Visa and Rodosto Latest Turkish Towns to Fall.

Sofia, Nov. 7.- The Bulgarians occupied the town of Drama on November 5. The Turkish troops in that region have been scattered in all directions. Most of them have surrendered their key, leaving the fate of Constantinople arms and are returning to their homes. to the decision of the European powers, Other remnants are so demoralized that according to Premier Pachich of Servia aid to the sick and wounded in the Baieven the peasants are able to terrorize in an interview to-day with the correthem and compel them to disarm and spondent of "Le Temps" in Belgrade. flee. Throughout the district the in- The Servian Premier continued: habitants have warmly welcomed the Bulgarians, and the Bulgarian administration has been established.

It is officially announced that the port of Rodosto on the Sea of Marmora, and and by which she was territorially rethe city of Visa, to the southeast of lated to the rest of Europe." Kirk-Kilisseh, were occupied by the

Bulgarian troops on November 5. In the five days' Aghting along the line between Lule Burgas and Bunarhissar the Bulgarians, it was officially announced to-day, lost 15,000 men

# MAP SHOWING BULGARIAN ADVANCE ON CONSTANTINOPLE.

Durazzo, Alessio and San Giovanni di The crosses show approximate positions of the invaders; crescents the Turkish positions behind the fortifications of Tchataldja, the last defences of the Turkish capital.



#### SERBS IN SEVERE FIGHT Wrest Town from Turks, but Lose More than the Enemy.

Belgrade, Nov. 7 .- Official reports describe the two days' heavy fighting which preceded the surrender of Perepe, twenty miles to the northeast of tillery. They could bring only one Vienna, Nov. 8.—Describing the at- mountain battery into action against and children, carts and cattle, are is to be proclaimed. tack of the Bulgarian army on the the vigorous fire of the Turkish artil-

The Servians were not able to form up in fighting line and were obliged to intrenched position on both sides of make big sacrifices, taking one position Tcherkesskeul in order to cover the after another at the point of the bayretirement behind the Tchataldja for onet. The Turks held such strong positions that they should have been able

to annihilate the storming parties. Only at the end of the second day did the Servian infantry succeed in driving the enemy from their stronghold and putting them to flight in the direction of Monastir. The Servian wounded numbered many more than the Turks.

# NAZIM, OPTIMISTIC, WOULD CONTINUE WAR

ion in Constantinople is strongly opposed to the idea of seeking mediation or peace. Nazim Pacha, the Turkish commander in chief, has reported to the government that the army is determined to fight until victorious or absolutely defeated. He regards the reverses sustained as unfortunate, but says that the brave Ottoman army is confident of ultimate success, and that all his officers are unanimous in favor of continuing the war.

The principal officers in Constantinople have handed the Grand Vizier, Balkan States. Kiamil Pacha, a signed declaration in the same spirit, and the party of Union and Progress promises to support the government in the policy of United States in such a conference as prosecuting the war with energy. These considerations are having weight

The commander of the western Ottoman army telegraphs that Zerovitch, which is on the southernmost loop of the Salenica-Monastir Railway, has been recaptured from the Greeks. He also reports that a Servian cavalry detachment with machine guns has been routed at Perlepe.

Abdullah Pacha, lately commanding the eastern army, has arrived in Constantinople. The Vali of Adrianople has sent a dispatch briefly outlining recent operations. The last sortie occurred yesterday, with severe losses to the Bulgarians.

The rumor that Salonica has been occupied is not confirmed, but it is known that the town is hard pressed.

The ambassadors of the five powers held a meeting this morning at the there will be no necessity for America Porte, and there met the Grand Vizier and the Foreign Minister. It is understood that they discussed measures of appealing to the President and to the public safety and the question of medi- State Department to take steps for ation, but nothing is known of the decisions reached. The powers as yet force of arms, but through the offer of have made no move with reference to

## GREEKS ADMIT SALONICA IS NOT YET CAPTURED

Evacuation Rumor, but Reports Other Successes.

Athens, Nov. 7 .- After a flerce engagement, in which the Turks had more than one hundred killed, the Greeks have occupied Pentepigadia, which commands the road to Yanina. The reports that the Turks have evacuated Salonica are said to be un-

# SERVIAN PREMIER TALKS Says Balkan Allies Have No

Designs on Constantinople.

founded.

Paris, Nov. 7.-The Balkan allies will ask for the partition of European Tur-

"Servia wants the ports of St. Glovanni di Medua, Alessio and Durazzo on the Adriatic Sea, which the Servian Empire possessed in the Middle Ages,

Servia has not received any proposal from Austria, but assuming that Austria has no territorial designs Servia is quite willing to favor economic and commercial expansion for Austria. The Premier concluded by saying that

treat directly with them concerning peace, and not through the powers.

#### REFUGEES SEEK CAPITAL Turkish Authorities Decide to Send Them to Asia Minor.

Monastir. The Servians outnumbered the whole country south of the Bul- pendence of Mongolia, and Chinese and the Turks, but owing to the nature of garian advance. The scene outside the Russian troops are marching against the ground were unable to use their ar- city walls, at the Adrianople gate, is each other. one of direful distress. Men, women A new independent ruler of Mongolia

The authorities are trying to supply the immediate wants of the refugees and Italy intend to set up the Kingdom and have decided to send them to Asia of Albania, and King Ferdinand of Minor. Thousands have tramped the country the last ten days and have undergone intense suffering. They asy that they feared the invaders would burn the villages.

## WILL U. S. TAKE A HAND IN EUROPEAN CONGRESS?

#### New Map of States South of Danube To Be Drawn by the Powers.

Washington, Nov. 7 .- Realizing the probability and almost certainty that an international congress will be called in the immediate future to deal with the Balkan situation, officials here are speculating whether the United States is likely to be drawn into such a congress, as in the case of the Algeciras Conference, which undertook to settle the future of Morocco. In that case, owever, the United States was a participant somewhat reluctantly by virtue of the fact that it had been a party to the original treaty of 1880 losses in the battle are said to have been which dealt with Moroccan affairs. There exists no such conventional obligation in the case of Turkey and the WENDELL PIER TO STAY

It has been suggested, however, that A. B. Moran and Cazenovia ome of the great powers might not only welcome the appearance of the is proposed to be held, but might even extend an urgent invitation to this country to take part, fired by a desire to have at least one power in the conference without selfish interests at stake and capable of acting as an umpire in case of serious dispute.

It was just such a function as this which the American delegation to the Algeciras Conference, under the direction of Henry White, exercised so successfully. Of course, the extension of an invitation of that kind would not involve necessarily the acceptance by the United States, and as the missionary interests, representing the most important American element in Turkey, so far has not sought to bring pressure to bear on the State Department to participate in any way in the settlement of the Balkan question, officials here are earnestly hoping that to do so.

Peace societies and individuals are intervention in the Balkan war, not by good offices.

These communications will all be properly acknowledged where an answer is invited, with an expression of regret that conditions do not appear to justify any action by the United States at this time.

# RED CROSS NEEDS FUNDS

#### Ambassador Rockhill in Cable Message Tells of Urgency. Washington, Nov. 7.-The American Red

Cross, which has taken up the work of securing aid from America for the great number of wounded, sick and destitute message from Secretary Phillips of the American Embassy in London:

"Telegram from Ambassador Rockhill at Constantinopie says funds are urgently needed to care for the Turkish wounded. Ambassador and Mrs. Reid have cabled

1200."
The Red Cross is issuing another general appeal to the public for contributions for the relief of the sufferers from the Balkan war. Berlin, Nov. 7.-The German Red Cross displaying great activity in furnishing

kan war. The central committee has al-ready sent its fourth expedition of phys-cians and nurses, with medical and sani-

tary supplies.

This expedition goes to the Turkish side in the western part of the theatre of war. A fifth expedition in course of preparation will join the Servian forces. Previous expeditions have been sent to Turkey, Greece and Bulgaria.

Boston, Nov. 7 .- An indictment charging he Boston Elevated Railway Company with coercing its employes from joining a labor organization was quashed by Judge John F. Brown in the Superior Court to-day. Judge Brown held that the indictment, which resulted from the elevated road car strike last July, was unconstitutional.

# the Balkan allies desired Turkey to RUSSO-CHINESE CONFLICT Troops Marching Against Each Other in Mongolia.

London, Nov. 8 .- Russia and China appear to be on the eve of a conflict. The Russian government publishes Constantinople, Nov. 7.-Mussulman the text of a treaty concluded on Norefugees continue to arrive on the out- vember 3 with Mongolia. The treaty skirts of the capital from practically recognizes and guarantees the inde-

This is the third new throne which it Bulgaria is credited with the intention of proclaiming himself Emperor of the Balkans in Constantinople.

## MANY DEAD IN BATTLE Federals and Rebels in Combat Near Mexico City.

by General Genevevo De La O was re- the struggle of the Cross against the of Cuernavaca, after the rebels had been shall have the sympathy of all those who signally routed in the La Trinchera hills, love justice and progress. Forward! to the north of the city, earlier in the May God be with us!" When darkness stopped the combat from the rebel guns were failing almost in the outskirts of Cuernavaca. The federals, commanded by General Angeles, who had been hard pressed by the rehels in the earlier fighting, were reinforced by a train from the north with artillery and by General Blanquet, who made a hard 'cross-country march with infantry. It is expected at the War Department here that General Blanquet will be able to repulse the insurgents.

# Neighbors Lose Decision.

heavy on both sides.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune ] Syracuse, Nov. 7 .- Ten Eyck Wendell, of the summer colony of Cazeis the opinion of Attorney General Carmody, made public here to-night by Mr. pler tern down.

The objection to the pier was that would mar the scenery and obstruct the lake view of cottagers. The Attorney General holds that the state cannot interfere because it has no control over the land underlying the water, Cazenovia Lake not being, in a legal sense, navigable

# Legality of Menocal's Election Disputed by Zayas.

Havana, Nov. 7 .- The leading Zayistas at a conference to-day decided to convene a national Liberal assembly for Novem- it opens up the possibilities of an Austrober 23, at which steps will be taken to Russian conflict; and it is going to give dispute the legality of the recent election, England and France much trouble in the in which General Mario Menocal was government of their Moslem subjects. elected President of the republic. The advisability of the resignation of all Liberals now holding elective offices or re- to think. The Turks, defeated, will cererais now holding elective offices or recently elected will also be considered. It is thought doubtful whether Alfredo Zayas now has much influence in the national assembly, but it is reported that the Zayistas contemplate blocking legislation by refusing to attend the sessions of the house, thus preventing a quorum. The tone of the Zayista press continues threatening, but the danger of recourse to force is believed to be so remote as to be negligible.

# MALCONTENTS JUBILANT

# Turkey, to-day received this cable Latin-American Ex-Presidents, Exiles and Refugees Congratulate Wilson.

New Orleans, Nov. 7.-Latin-Americans New Orleans are jubilant over the election of Woodrow Wilson. At a meeting of the Central American colony to-day a telegram of congratulation was sent to the President-elect, in which the belief was expressed that the Wilson administration would mean "the death of dollar diplomacy, which has brought untoil suffering and loss of life and property to our people," and the re-establishment of pleasant social and commercial relations between the United States and the republics to the south.

The telegram was signed by Don Policarpo Bonilia, ex-President of Honduras; Dr. Angel Ugarte, General Francisco Altschul, ex-Governor of Granada, Nicaragua, and Colonel Carlos Martinez, a Nicaraguan exile.

Levé Service Zaleva ex President of Honduras; Levé Service Zaleva ex President of Levé Service Zaleva ex President of Honduras; Levé Service Carlos Martinez equipment and machinery into the United States free of duty, in accordance with the act passed at the last session of Congress.

The regulations, which the act passed at the last session of Congress.

The regulations, which will be made derstood, for the free entry of wireless apparatus, sails and rigging as part of the equipment of a ship. These have been disputed points.

It was necessary for the department to define what is equipment and what is a vessel. The law applies only to "vessels." According to reliable authority it is held. tion of Woodrow Wilson. At a meeting

# LABOR COERCION CHARGE FAILS. KILLED BY FALL FROM WINDOW.

Marseilles, France, Nov. 7 .- Miss Kate Sayer, an English woman who had come to this city from New York, was killed last night by falling from the fourth floor window of a hotel here. It is believed the occurrence was accidental. She was not dead when picked up from the sidewalk, but expired shortly afterward. She was twenty-four years old.

# FEAR OF A HOLY WAR STRANDED LINER STILL

Religious Nature of Conflict Emphasized by Bulgaria.

# INCITEMENT TO MASSACRE

#### Moslem Fanaticism Unloosed by Ferdinand's Talk of "Sacred" Nature of Struggle.

(From The Tribune's Correspondent.) Constantinople, Oct. 20, 1912.-The fear of arousing Moslem fanaticism has always been one of the most horrible as pects of a possible Balkan war. To pre serve the status quo has been the care of Austrian, Russian, German and Italian diplomats, but to the British and French the dread of a Balkan war has been its effect upon their millions of Moslem subjects. In 1854 and 1878 this was demonstrated. It is true again to-day,

The Italian war has severely tried the British authorities in India and Egypt, and the French authorities in North Africa, for it resulted in pan-Islamic agitation in many parts of the Eastern world. But it did not have the repercussion which is bound to follow the present disastrous war. It was hoped that the causes of the

religious, but the proclamations of the Bulgarian and Servian kings, which were published here in yesterday's papers, have dispelled that hope. Both of these proclamations lay the greatest emphasis upon the religious side of the war.

#### Christians in Slavery.

Ferdinand in his proclamation says: The tears and groans of millions of hristians, in slavery across the Rilo and Rhodope (the two mountain ranges which Turkey), could not fail to move the hearts of us who are their brothers in a common religion, of us who owe our liberty and peaceful life to the great Christian liberator (Czar Alexander of Russia), whose prophetic words we remember. He said that the sacred work must be ried on to the end. To succor the Chrisis now proposed to establish. Austria tian population of Turkey there remains in a dangerous position. She went to us no other means than to take up ashore on a bottom of sand and gravel, arms, in order that we may assure to the Christians of Turkey security of tife and property.

> "Our Christian sentiments, the sacred duty of aiding our brethren when they are menaced with extermination, impose upon me the imperative duty of calling our sons under the flag. Our work is just, great and sacred.

"With a firm faith in the protection and support of the Almighty, I bring to Mexico City, Nov. 7.-Fighting between the knowledge of the Bulgarian nation he federals under command of General that this war is declared for the human Bianquet and a force of Zapatistas led rights of the Christians in Turkey. In newed at 5 o'clock last night to the south Crescent, of liberty against tyranny, we

> This proclamation emphasizes the fact that war has been declared to help the Christians of Turkey, that it is a sacred war, and that it is the Cross against the Crescent. The words of the King of Servia are practically the same. The Crown Prince Constantine of Greece, was blessed by the Metropolitan of Athens as a crusader when he left to take command of the Greek army.

# Cross Versus Crescent.

The Bulgarian royal proclamation naturally was read with alarm and consternation here. It will be printed in all the Moslem papers throughout the world, and the words "In this struggle of the Cross against the Crescent" will be emphasized by the press, which is continually trying to stir up fanaticism.

This is only too true of to-day's press

in Constantinople. It seemed incredible that the astute King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who has been a lifelong conservanovia, had a legal right to build a 210- tive politician, should have used such a foot steel pier into Cazenovia Lake, phrase. It is bound to embitter the back of his beautiful home there, in struggle on both sides. The Moslem spite of the objections of his neighbor, soldier, when his religious fanaticism is A. B. Moran, a New York broker. This aroused, is a fiend incarnate. He will let kill, and as gladly.

But King Ferdinand is making a bold Wendell's lawyer. The opinion was bid for Russian sympathy, and he will, asked by the State Superintendent of of course, have it. I know the sentiments Public Works, who had been requested of the Russians. Last summer, from by Mr. Moran and others to order the Odessa to Helsingfors, I tested public opinion. If the Russians get it into their heads that the Balkan States are waging it was of "unreasonable length" and a war to liberate oppressed Christians in Turkey no power of Czar or diplomatic considerations will keep them silent if the Turks win.

Nor, which is equally serious for general European peace, will they allow Turkey to retain possession of Macedonia and Thrace, if the Balkan States are victorious. The Congress of Berlin will not be repeated this time. Russia will CUBAN LIBERAL PROTEST fight first. Hence the tener of the proclamation of King Ferdinand to his army. It is, as we shall see a document of

farreaching importance. It makes more terrible the present war; it brings Russia forth as a protector of Bulgarian interests, whichever way the campaign goes; Of the effect of the awakening of Moslem fanaticism in Turkey itself one hates

# MacVeagh Defines "Vessel" and Apparatus.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Secretary Mac-Veagh of the Treasury Department today completed the regulations which will govern the importation of shipbuilding material, equipment and machinery into cordance with the act passed at the last

According to reliable authority it is held Nicaraguan exile.

José Santos Zelaya, ex-President of Nicaragua, sent a cable message from Spain to General Altschul to extend his congratulations to Mr. Wilson.

According to reliable authority it is held that a vessel is a craft of five tons or more—that is, documented or registered ships. The regulations, it is said, will admit

bolts, nuts, rivets, plates and the like which go into the construction of a ship or its machinery. Furniture, china and glassware will be admitted as equipment. Free equipment will be allowed only once, it is said. That is, a vessel cannot, from time to time, replace its equipment

# HAS 500 SOULS ABOARD

Gale Blowing Fifty Miles an Hour Interrupts Work of Transferring Passengers.

NOT IN IMMINENT DANGER

#### Royal George May Be Refloated To-morrow, After Being Lightened-Several Tugs Stand By.

Quebec, Nov. 7.-With 500 steerage passengers and her crew still on board, the Canadian Northern steamer Royal George remained fast to-night where she went aground, one mile east of Point St. Laurent, last night.

A northeasterly gale, with wind blowing fifty miles an hour, and a high sea and heavy rain interrupted the work of transferring the passengers to ships sent to the stranded steamer's assistance. More than 400 passengers war would be given as racial rather than were taken off early to-day. Steamship officials hope the rescue work can be resumed to-morrow, Meanwhile they have given assurance that the Royal George is in no danger of breaking up or sliding off in a disabled condition into the storm-swept waters.

It is not expected that the vessel can be floated until Saturday, when the highest fall tide is due to occur. After the passengers have been removed the form the boundary between Bulgaria and holds will be lightened and an attempt be made on Saturday to float the ship. The government steamer Lady Grey,

the wrecking steamer Lord Strathcona and several tugs are standing by. Captain Belanger of the steamer Savoy, who passed the Royal George to-day, does not think that the liner is

it seems, and there is no fear that she will break in two, as the ill fated Bavarian did some years ago. It is now announced that the fore part of the Royal George touched bottom. The North, an old ferryboat, which brought the load of passengers to this city, returned to the Royal George this morning, but the strong wind prevented her getting near the wrecked liner

to take off the remaining passengers.

The Cruiser, the big tug of the Cana-

dian Pacific Railway, also failed to

reach the Royal George.

The captains of these two vessels reported that the waves were rolling so high that it was dangerous for them to try to get alongside the liner. They stated that there were several hundred steerage passengers still on board.

At this time of the season the channel becomes narrower, and the hydrographic maps indicate that steamers

should not run at more than four and half miles an hour.

The Royal George, it is estimated by some navigators, was running at a speed of at least eighteen knots in an effort to get into Quebec before the mmigration offices closed.

Montreal, Nov. 7.-A wireless message Royal Mail steamer Royal George confirmed earlier news that 400 of the vessel's 901 passengers had been taken off. The transfer, according to this message, was made at 1:15 a. m. by the first tender that reached the steamer. Four other tugs were standing by at that time

# TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS

#### Paris To Be Connected with North and South America.

Paris, Nov. 7 .- The French government has decided to establish a series of wireless stations, connecting Paris with the various French colonies and with North America and South America. The project as laid before the Chamber contemplate the expenditure of \$1,000,000, about a third of that sum to be expended in 1913.

The point of connection in North Amer ica has not yet been specified, but the South American-Pacific girdle includes stations in Morocco, the Island of Saint Louis, Martinique, the Marquesas Islands, Tahiti, Noumea, the capital of New Caledonia, and thence to Saigon, Indo-



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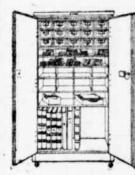
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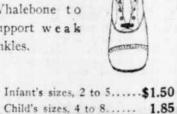
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